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Blue carbon and shelf sea sediments; estimating stocks in the surface layer

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Quantifying and valuing carbon flows and stores in coastal and shelf ecosystems in the UK



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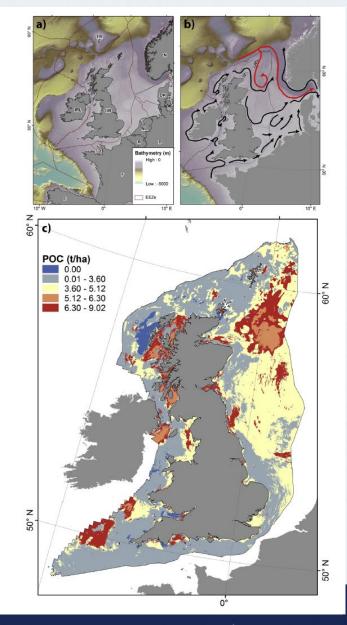
d Yorkshire Water, Western Way, Bradford BD6 2SZ, UK

c Particulate organic carbon (POC) concentration and stocks of the upper 10 cm of the sediment column in t/ha

b Generalised water circulation patterns

a EEZs

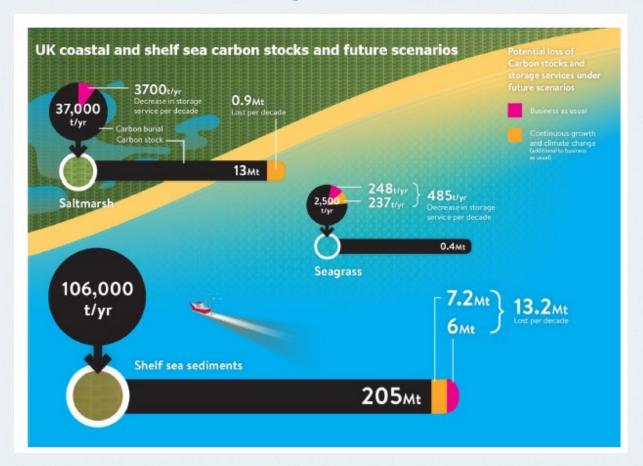








UK's coastal and shelf sea C stocks and potential loss of C stocks and storage services under future scenarios



Scenarios:

Business as usual Continuous growth and climate change

Ecosystems:

Saltmarshes Seagrasses Shelf sea sediments





Key Points

- Offshore shelf sea sediments are a manageable carbon store as important as forests.
- Offshore shelf sea sediments are currently not protected by international agreements.
- With scenario analysis (25-years) we estimate damage costs up to US\$12.5 billion.
- Uncertainties: estimates of UK shelf sediment sedimentation rates and trawling impact.
- The main challenge: protect marine habitats whilst maintaining food security.



